

# Our Timeline

## A Brief History of Lions Clubs International

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After contacting similar groups around the United States, an organizational meeting was held on June 7, 1917, in Chicago, Illinois, USA. The new group took the name of one of the invited groups, the "Association of Lions Clubs," and a national convention was held in Dallas, Texas, USA in October of that year. A constitution, by-laws, objectives and a code of ethics were approved. And the rest is history.

As we approach our 100th anniversary in 2017, it's moment to look back on our long and proud tradition of service and the numerous achievements of our association and Lions around the world.

## LCI Historical Highlights

**1917:** [Melvin Jones](#) and fellow Chicago businessmen found Lions Clubs to improve the community.

The first convention takes place at the Adolphus Hotel in Dallas, TX.

**1920:** Lions Clubs become [international](#) by chartering a club in Windsor, Canada.

**1925:** During the international convention in Cedar Point, Ohio, [Helen Keller](#) charges Lions with becoming "[knights of the blind](#) in the crusade against darkness."

**1926:** Polar explorer and member of the Washington D.C. Lions Club, Admiral Richard E. Byrd, Jr. flies over the North Pole and carries the Lions flag with him. He flies over the South Pole later that same year.

**1930:** Lion George Bonham paints a [cane white](#) with a wide red band to aid the visually impaired after he witnesses a blind man having trouble crossing the street.

**1931:** Lions head south and establish a club in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico.

The first [international convention](#) outside of the U.S. is held in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

**1933:** Visitors to the Chicago World's Fair learn about Lions clubs at the fair's Social Science Division.

**1935:** Amelia Earhart, honorary member of the New York City Lions Club, completes a record-breaking nonstop flight from Los Angeles to Mexico during the Lions Clubs International Convention in Mexico City.

Local Lions donate a Talking Book machine to the Milwaukee Public Library, allowing the blind to hear books.

**1939:** Members of the Detroit Uptown Lions Club turn an old Michigan farmhouse into a school to train dog guides for the visually impaired, helping to popularize dog guides worldwide.

To provide an organized baseball program for children, Lion Carl Edwin Stotz of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, appeals for support from Lions clubs, YMCAs and other community partners. On June 6, 1939, the very first Little League baseball game is played at Park Point in Williamsport.

**1944:** The world's first [eye bank](#) is created in New York City. Today, most eye banks are Lions-sponsored.

**1945:** Lions assist in drafting the [United Nations](#) Charter, starting a lasting bond with the U.N.

**1946:** The Lions Blind Camp on Casper Mountain in Wyoming hosts its first group of blind children.

**1947:** In October, Lions celebrate the 30th anniversary of the association at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel in New York City. It had become the world's largest service club organization at the time with 324,690 members in 19 nations.

Lions are given consultant status with the U.N. Economic and Social Council.

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A Lions club is formed in Kalaupapa on the island of Molokai, Hawaii. Kalaupapa is a leper colony and the charter members all have Hansen's disease (leprosy).

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**1954:** After an international contest among Lions, an official motto is chosen: "We Serve." The motto was submitted by Lion D. A. Stevenson of Font Hill, Ontario, Canada.

**1956:** The Detroit Lions Club gives 6-year-old Stevie Wonder a Christmas gift – a drum set.

The Amundsen-Scott South Pole Station is built. Soon after, 16 scientists and military personnel charter the 59ers Lions Club there.

**1957:** Lions launch youth programs, including the very successful [Leo Clubs](#).

**1965:** Lions build the Melvin Jones Lions International Memorial in Fort Thomas, Arizona.

**1968:** The [Lions Clubs International Foundation](#) (LCIF) is established. Since its founding, LCIF has given more than US\$826 million in grants to support the humanitarian work of Lions.

**1971:** LCI moves to its fourth and final location in Oak Brook, IL, after decades in downtown Chicago.

**1972:** LCIF sends out its first [grant](#) – US\$5,000 to assist victims of flooding in South Dakota.

**1973:** In February, the association welcomes its one millionth member.

**1977:** Lion Jimmy Carter, a peanut farmer from Georgia, becomes president of the United States of America.

**1985:** LCIF awards its first [Major Catastrophe Grant](#) of US\$50,000 for earthquake relief in Mexico.

**1986:** Mother Teresa accepts the [Lions Humanitarian Award](#).

**1987:** The association amends its bylaws and invites women to become members. Women are now the fastest growing segment of new members.

**1990:** [SightFirst](#) is launched, eventually raising more than \$415 million dollars to help eradicate major causes of blindness.

French Lion Michael Baury helps build an electric traction car and races it at a Grand Prix event.

**1995:** LCIF partners with The Carter Center, led by former US president and Lion Jimmy Carter, to combat river blindness in Africa and Latin America.

**1999:** Nilofer Bakhtiar of Pakistan is elected as the first female international director of the association.

**2001:** LCIF and Special Olympics partner on [Opening Eyes](#), an initiative to screen the vision of Special Olympics athletes.

**2002:** Lions charter two clubs in China, the nation's first voluntary membership group since the 1950s.

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**2007:** The *Financial Times* ranks LCIF as [best non-governmental organization](#) worldwide to partner with.

**2010:** The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation contributes US\$5 million to the [One Shot: One Life](#) campaign, and Lions raise more than US\$10 million to support measles efforts over the next two years.

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Lions help administer 148 millionth dose of Mectizan to treat river blindness.

Following the Japan earthquake and tsunami, Lions mobilize over US\$21 million for relief efforts.

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Colombia eliminates river blindness with the support of Lions and The Carter Center partnership.

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